

Functional Capacity
Evaluation & Post Offer
Employment Testing



### Functional Capacity Evaluation (FCE)

- A systematic process of measuring and developing an individuals ability to perform meaningful tasks on a safe and dependable basis (AMA 1996)
- True function is a balance between client's subjective reports, objective testing, and clinical observation



### Functional Capacity Evaluation (FCE)

### **Functional**

 Encompasses all body functions, activities and participation

## Capacity

 Highest probably level of functioning in a domain at a point in time

### **Evaluation**

 A dynamic process in which clinicians make clinical judgments based on data collected during examination



### Functional Capacity Evaluation (FCE)

- FCE's are done on a one-to-one basis
- Range in length from 4 to 6 hours
- Can span over two days
- Average: 3-4 hours





#### FCE: PURPOSES

- > Return to work and job placement decisions
- > Disability evaluation
- ➤ Determination o how non-<u>work related</u> illness and/or injury impacts work performance
- > Determination of functioning in nonoccupational setting
- Case management and case closure



### TYPES OF FCE'S

- Test to Function
- Based on job demand and given parameters of job
- Tests should be to the required function of the job rather than to the maximum capacity of the client
- Test to Capacity
- Testing to maximum ability of the client in relation to work tasks in general



### TYPES OF FCE'S

#### PHYSICAL DEMAND CHARACTERISTICS OF WORK

1993 Leonard N. Matheson, PhD

PHYSICAL DEMAND LEVEL	OCCASIONAL 0-33% of the workday	FREQUENT 34 - 66% of the workday	CONSTANT 67 - 100% of the workday	Typical Energy Required
SEDENTARY	10 1bs.	Negligib <b>l</b> e	Negligible	1.5 - 2.1 METS
LIGHT	201bs.	10 lbs. and/or Walk/Stand/Fus h/Full of Arm/Leg controls	Negligible and/or Pash/Pall of Arm/Leg controls while seated	2.2 - 3.5 METS
MEDIUM	20 to 50 1bs.	10 to 25 1bs.	101bs.	3.6 - 6.3 METS
HEAVY	50 to 1001bs.	25 to 501bs.	10 to 201bs.	6.4 - 7.5 METS
VERY HEAVY	Over 100 lbs.	Over 50 lbs.	Over 201bs.	Over 7.5 METS



### FCE: Components

- Intake information and history Data analysis

Informed consent

Evaluation

Physical examination

Summary and

Cardiovascular testing

recommendations

- Isometric strength testing
- Work simulation testing
- Non-integrated tests



# Isometric Strength Testing



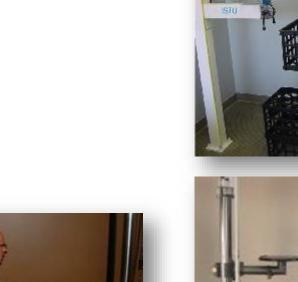






#### **WORK SIMULATION TESTING**

- Dynamic lifting and carrying
  - Occasional vs. Frequent
  - Floor to waist, waist to shoulder, floor to shoulder
- Functional range of motion (FROM)
  - Occasional vs. Frequent
  - Kneeling, crouching, stooping, standing
  - Reach, horizontal reach, axial rotation















#### **DATA ANALYSIS**

- > Technology is limited to capturing demonstrated performance of the client
- > Evaluator must consider all factors that will impact upon the functional capacities of the client
- > Validity
- > Sincerity of effort
- Bell Curve Analysis
- Coefficient of variation (CV)



#### **WORK SIMULATION TESTING**

- Measurement of statistical consistency
- Expressed as a percentage
- Consistency of performance is best determined when a person is tested isometrically
- Studies have shown that a person applying maximum effort during several trials of isometric testing should be able to reproduce test scores within a certain percentage
- CV should be <15% to determine consistency of effort



### Report

- Provide a brief history
- Include behavioral observations (be objective)
- Include physical examination results
- Answer the referral questions ONLY
- Is the individual able to return to his/her preinjury employment – usual and customary or modified?
- Does the individual provide consistent effort?
- What physical demand level does the client fit into?
- Address functional abilities
- Summarize validity of results, consistency of effort

- Define work demand, if appropriate
- Emphasize what the client can do versus cannot or should not do



#### POST OFFER EMPLOYMENT TESTING

- The Post Offer Employment Testing (POET)
   program is used to assure that final
   applicants for physically demanding jobs
   have the physical ability to do a job before
   they begin working.
- Goal: to reduce work related injuries
- Physical therapists, athletic trainers, exercise physiologists all can administer the test.



#### POST OFFER EMPLOYMENT TESTING

- The evaluator will go to a job site to assess the demands of the job
- Normally the job will require lifting, pulling, pushing, griping, pinching, and working in specific positions
- The test is the same for every applicant, man or woman.



### POST OFFER EMPLOYMENT TESTING

- Primary reason for the test is to decrease workman's comp claims and lost days due to injury
- It has proven to be a very successful program in reducing a company's workman's comp claims.
- POETs have proven to be 100% legally defensible from the hiring stand point of discrimination.



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